





	0-3 Years - N1 (Jan Nursery Starters)	3-4 Years – N1 (Jan Nursery Starters) & N2 (Sep Nursery Starters)	Reception
Drawing	Key Vocabulary:	Key Vocabulary:	Key Vocabulary:
S	Draw, pattern, repeating, thick, thin, line, shape	Draw, pattern, repeating, thick, thin, line, shape	Draw, pattern, repeating, thick, thin, line, shape
Disciplinary Knowledge	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Observational drawing from	Substantive Knowledge:	Substantive Knowledge:	Substantive Knowledge:
an object	Start to make marks intentionally.	Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises.	• Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and
Observation drawing from a	• Express ideas and feelings through making marks, and sometimes give a	• Express ideas and feelings through making marks, and sometimes give a meaning to	feelings.
oicture/photo	meaning to the marks they make.	the marks they make.	Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools
Picture representation	• Explore different materials, using all their senses to investigate them.	Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle	competently, safely and confidently.
Mark Making in provision-	Use their imagination as they consider what they can do with different	and including details.	Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and writing
vriting patterns	materials. • Develop manipulation and control	• Create closed shapes with continuous lines and begin to use these shapes to represent objects.	 Create simple representations Begin to produce different patterns and textures from observations
	Develop manipulation and control	• Show different emotions in their drawings, like happiness, sadness, fear etc	begin to produce different patterns and textures from observations
	Intended Outcomes:	Intended Outcomes:	Intended Outcomes:
	By the end of Nursery, I need to know how to:	By the end of Nursery, I need to know how to:	By the end of Reception, I need to know how to:
	- Draw lines to make a simple representation	- Draw lines to make a simple representation	-Draw & create my own simple picture representations
	- Use lines to create closed shapes	- Use lines to create closed shapes	- Explore a range of tools and what marks they make using fine motor skills
,	- Show emotions in my drawings	- Show emotions in my drawings	- How to express my feelings and ideas through drawing effects
	- Draw a face	- Draw a face	
Paint/Colour	Key Vocabulary:	Key Vocabulary:	Key Vocabulary:
	Brush, tools, mix, palette, match, primary colours	Brush, tools, mix, palette, match, primary colours	Brush, tools, mix, palette, match, primary colours
Disciplinary Knowledge	Substantive Knowledge:	Substantive Knowledge:	Substantive Knowledge:
Mix colours- powder paint	Explore paint, using fingers and other parts of their bodies as well as	• Show different emotions in their paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear etc	Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools
routine	brushes and other tools.	Explore colour and colour mixing	competently, safely and confidently.
Blocks of colour	Use their imagination as they consider what they can do with different	• Experiment with blocks of colour	Suggested tools: paintbrushes,
Printing with	materials. • Express ideas and feelings through making marks, and sometimes give a	• Explore paint, using fingers and other parts of their bodies as well as brushes and other tools.	• Use a variety of tools including different size brushes, and tools i.e., sponge, fingers, twigs etc
fingers/objects	meaning to the marks they make.	Intended Outcomes:	Mix and match colours to different artefacts and objects
	Intended Outcomes:	By the end of Nursery, I need to know how to:	Intended Outcomes:
	By the end of Nursery, I need to know how to:	- mix two colours together	By the end of Reception, I need to know how to:
	- mix two colours together	- paint using blocks of colour	-use tools safely
	- paint using blocks of colour	- Use a range of tools/brushes to paint	- to use a variety of tools to paint/colour
	- Use a range of tools/brushes to paint		- mix colours & match colours to objects
Sculpture & Form	Key Vocabulary:	Key Vocabulary:	Key Vocabulary:
	Model, rolling, kneading, shaping, join	Model, rolling, kneading, shaping, join	Model, rolling, kneading, shaping, join
Disciplinary Knowledge	Substantive Knowledge:	Substantive Knowledge:	Substantive Knowledge:
Box modelling	Make simple models which express their ideas.	Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with	• Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing
Sculpting clay with hands	Manipulate and play with materials.	scissors.	their ability to represent them.
Sensory play		Make simple models which express their ideas.	Create collaboratively sharing ideas, resources and skills.
Collage		Enjoy a range of malleable media such as clay, papier mache, salt dough	Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques,
cissor skills		Impress and apply simple decoration	experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.
Cut shapes/make snips		Cut shapes using scissors and other modelling tools Intended Outcomes:	Intended Outcomes:
	Intended Outcomes:		By the end of Reception, I need to know how to:
	By the end of Nursery, I need to know how to:	By the end of Nursery, I need to know how to:	- return to build on my previous learning
	-make a simple model	- make a simple model -manipulate a range of different materials	- share ideas and skills I have learnt- explaining the process I have use
	-manipulate a range of different materials	- cut shapes using scissors	- explore colour, design, texture, form and function
		- cut snapes using scissors -use modelling tools safely	- safely use a range of tools
		-use moutiling tools safely	



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	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
Drawing	Key Vocabulary:	Key Vocabulary:	Key Vocabulary:
<u> </u>	Line drawing, thick, thin, detail, light, dark, pastels, chalks, bold, size, space,	Line, drawing, repeating, jagged, pencil grades, rubbing, foreground,	Continue KS1 vocabulary, tone, shadow, form, scale, outline, portrait, cross
Disciplinary Knowledge	sketch, zig zag, curved, wavy, layers, pattern & texture.	background, light, dark, pattern, stippling, hatching, scribbling, blending &	hatching, blend, highlight
Observational drawing from an	, 6 6, , , , , , ,	texture	
object	Substantive Knowledge:	Substantive Knowledge:	Substantive Knowledge:
-	• Explore a variety of media- pencil, wax, chalk, pastel etc	Begin to control the types of marks made with a range of media	Use different hardness of pencils to show line, tone and texture
Observation drawing from a	Develop a range of tone using pencil and use a variety of drawing	Develop a range of tone using pencil and use a variety of drawing	Begin to annotate sketches to explain and elaborate ideas
picture/photo	techniques- hatching, scribbling, stippling and blending to create light & dark	techniques- hatching, scribbling, stippling and blending to create light/dark	Use shading to show light and shadow
Picture representation	Draw lines of different sizes and thicknesses	• To produce an expanding range of patterns and textures- naming, rubbing,	Create textures and pattern with a wide range of drawing tools
Drawing techniques- hatching, stippling	Explore pattern & texture by adding dots, lines and rubbings	copying	Intended Outcomes:
etc	Intended Outcomes:	Intended Outcomes:	By the end of Year 3 I need to know how to:
	By the end of Year 1 I need to know how to:	By the end of Year 2 I need to know how to:	- Use different pencils, exploring hardness/softness in creating line, tone and
	- Make a variety of marks with different materials	- Draw from observation	texture
	- Hold and use drawing tools with some dexterity	- Explore tone using different grades of pencils, chalks/pastels	- Make initial sketches in preparation for painting/prints
	- Draw lines of varying thickness	- Make sketches from observation adding light/dark tone/colour and texture	- Use pencil techniques to create pattern & texture
	- Use lines and dots to create pattern & texture	- Develop drawing techniques to create pattern & texture in my drawings	- Make close observational studies- in particular faces exploring how to show
			light & shadow.
Colour	Key Vocabulary:	Key Vocabulary:	Key Vocabulary:
	Mixing, stroke, brush size, opaque, horizontal	Prime, Primary & Secondary colours, colour wheels, light/dark, shade, tone	Dab, tint, blotting
	Substantive Knowledge:	Substantive Knowledge:	Substantive Knowledge:
Disciplinary Knowledge	Begin to explore painting with different brush sizes and tools and the effects	Begin to control the size of marks made with a range of painting	Use a number of brush techniques using thick and thin brushes to produce
Colour mixing	they make	techniques- layering, mixing media and adding texture	shapes, textures, patterns and lines
Blocks of colour	Explore lightening and darkening painting without the use of black and white	Continue to experiment in lighten and darken without the use of	Use light and dark within painting and begin to explore complimentary
Painting on different surfaces	Start mixing primary colours to make a range of secondary colours- making own		colours
Background wash	predictions	black/white	 Mix colour, shades and tones with increasing confidence
Colour wheels	• Explore painting on different surfaces, beginning to control the types of marks	Mix colour shades and colour tones-create own colour wheels	Confidently create different effects and textures with paint according to
Textured paint	made	Use a range of brushes to produce marks appropriate to work	what they need for the task
printing	Intended Outcomes:		'
	By the end of Year 1 I need to know how to:	Intended Outcomes:	Intended Outcomes:
	-Select different brushes to explore and make marks of different thickness.	By the end of Year 2 I need to know how to:	By the end of Year 3 I need to know how to:
	-Apply paint with a range of tools	-Use a range of different tools to investigate mark-making e.g., different sized	-Make a secondary colour wheelMix colours effectively using the correct
	-Name the primary and secondary colours -Apply paint to make a background using wide brushes or other tools such as	brushes, sponges, ends of dowel to create particular effects. -Mix and apply colour for purposes to represent real life, ideas and convey mood.	language e.g., shade, tint, primary and secondary.
	sponges.	-Explore adding other materials to paint to create different textures e.g., glue,	-Apply paint in different ways to create a particular effect/ texture e.g., dotting,
	-Use colour and painting skills and apply surface techniques	sand, sawdust.	scratching, splashing
	ose colour and painting sixins and apply surface techniques	-Mix primary colours to make secondary colours	-Choose different types of brushes for specific purposes
		I make a make a contract of the second and a	-Plan how paint will be applied to a painting- what area/ colour to begin with.
			-Confidently create different effects and textures with paint according to what
Coulature 9 Form	Key Vocabulary:	Voy Vocabulany	they need for the task. Key Vocabulary:
Sculpture & Form	Construct, pinch, pull, press, impression, clay slab	Key Vocabulary: Modify, coil, sculpture	Layer, embed, linear, transfer
Disciplinary Knowledge	Substantive Knowledge:	Substantive Knowledge:	Substantive Knowledge:
Disciplinary Knowledge	_	Use equipment and media with increasing confidence and safety	Use equipment and media with confidence and safety
Clavetile /n at	• Shape and model materials for a purpose e.g. pot, tile from observation and	Shape, form, construct and model from observation and imagination	Create shapes, form, model and construct malleable and rigid materials
Clay impressions	 Imagination Impress and apply simple decoration techniques- impressed, painted, 	Use rolled up paper, straws, paper, card and clay as materials	Plan and develop understanding of different adhesives and methods of
Clay impressions Sculptures using natural/man made	applied	Use techniques such as rolling, cutting, kneading, moulding and carving to	construction
materials	Manipulate materials in a variety of ways- rolling, pinching and kneading	create 3D art	Learn to secure work to continue at a later date
3D models	Use tools and equipment safely and used in the correct way.	Intended Outcomes:	Produce larger ware using pinch, slab, coil techniques
	Intended Outcomes:	By the end of Year 2 I need to know how to:	Use language appropriate to skill and techniques
Collaborative work	By the end of Year 1 I need to know how to:	-Handle and manipulate rigid and malleable materials e.g., clay, card and found	Intended Outcomes:
	-Use a variety of techniques e.g., rolling, carving, pinching and cutting.	objects to represent something known e.g., bodies/ heads and add surface texture.	By the end of Year 3 I need to know how to:
	-Create a variety of different textures using different tools	-Shape and construct from direct observation, memory or from their imagination.	-Cut, make and combine shapes to create recognisable forms.
	-Use a wide range of natural, man-made and recycled materials to sculpt/ construct with.	-Replicate pattern and texture in the style of a particular artist.	-Add materials to a sculpture to create detailScale up a design and work as a group on a collaborative piece.
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	-Replicate patterns and textures in a 3D formJoin objects using different adhesives.	-Has an awareness of natural and man-made formsUse clay to create a simple structure, smoothing and joining with care.	-Build in clay a functional form using 2/3 building techniques and surface decoration.



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	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Drawing	Key Vocabulary:	Key Vocabulary:	Key Vocabulary:
C	Continue KS1 vocabulary, tone, shadow, form, scale, outline, portrait, cross	Continue KS1 vocabulary, tone, shadow, form, scale, outline, portrait, cross	Continue KS1 vocabulary, tone, shadow, form, scale, outline, portrait, cross
Disciplinary Knowledge	hatching, blend, highlight, proportion, composing,	hatching, blend, highlight, proportion, composing, image, smudge	hatching, blend, highlight, proportion, composing, image, smudge, enlarge
Observational drawing from an	Substantive Knowledge:	Substantive Knowledge:	Substantive Knowledge:
object	Develop techniques to create intricate patterns using different grades of pencil and	• Use a variety of techniques to add interesting effects- reflections, shadows,	• Draw for a sustained period of time over a number of sessions working on
Observation drawing from a	other implements/media to	direction of sunlight	one piece
	create lines, marks and develop tone	Develop a key element of their work- line, tone, pattern, texture	Develop their own style using tonal contrast and mixed media
picture/photo	• Sketch lightly (no need to use rubber to correct mistakes)	Start to develop their own style using tonal contrast and mixed media	• Use choice of techniques to depict movement, perspective, shadows and
Picture representation	Use hatching and cross hatching to show tone and texture Description Descrip	Use drawing techniques to work from a variety of sources including	refection
Drawing techniques- hatching,	 Draw for a sustained period of time at an appropriate level Develop drawings featuring the third dimension and perspective 	observation, photographs and digital images	Develop awareness of composition, scale and proportion
stippling etc	Intended Outcomes:	Develop close observation skills using a variety of view finders	Choose a style of drawing suitable for the work (e.g. realistic or
View Finders-focal point	By the end of Year 4 I need to know how to:	Develop further simple perspective in using a single focal point and horizon	impressionistic)
Grid method	- Identify and draw the effect of light	Intended Outcomes:	Use lines to represent movement
Landscapes	- Show an awareness of space when drawing	By the end of Year 5 I need to know how to:	Intended Outcomes:
Portraits	- Make quick observational sketches to record movement or action with	- Use charcoal/pastels with confidence to show light and dark shadows	By the end of Year 6 I need to know how to:
Tortidits	some accuracy	- Interpret texture with a wide range of techniques e.g. Hatching, cross	-Select the appropriate media and techniques to achieve a particular outcome
	- Draw with coloured media to represent ideas and objects with increasing	hatching	-Change the position of the light source to create different shadow effects
		- Depict movement and perspective in drawings more accurately	-Use a series of drawings in creativity journals to plan a painting, 3D pieces or print.
	accuracy		-Annotate artwork to record ideas and emotions and use this to inform design ideas.
			-Use a view finder to record what is in the frame.
Colour	Key Vocabulary:	Key Vocabulary:	Key Vocabulary:
	Application, colour wash, observational	Applicators, expressive, abstract	Contour, weathered surface, textual
Disciplinary Knowledge	Substantive Knowledge:	Substantive Knowledge:	Substantive Knowledge:
Colour mixing	Confidently control types of marks made and experiment with different	Confidently control types of marks made and experiment with different	Work in a sustained and independent way to develop their own style of
Colour washes	effects and textures- blocking in colour, washes, thickened paint creating	effects and textures	painting- through the development of colour, tone and shade • Purposely
Textured effects	textural effects	Mix and match colours to create atmosphere and light effects	control the types of marks made and experiment with different effects and
Personal painting styles	Develop painting from a drawing	Create a colour palette based upon colours observed in the natural or built	textures- including, blocking in colour, washes, thickened paint creating
Colour wheels	Use light and dark within painting and show an understanding of	world	textual effects
Paintings from sketches	complimentary colours	• Develop a personal style of painting, drawing upon ideas from other artists	Combine colours, tones and tints to enhance the mood of a piece
Colour palettes	Work in a style of selected artist- not copying	Sketch (lightly) before painting to combine line and colour	Use the qualities of watercolour and acrylic paints to create visually
printing	Experiment with creating mood with colour	Intended Outcomes:	interesting pieces
	Intended Outcomes:	By the end of Year 5 I need to know how to:	Intended Outcomes:
	By the end of Year 4 I need to know how to:	-Plan to create a particular effect by using their gathered knowledge of	By the end of Year 6 I need to know how to:
	-Recognise how artists use warm and cold colours and apply to their own	various tools and techniques.	-Show the effect of light and colour, texture and tone on natural and
	work	-Explore the use of colour in texture.	manmade objects
	-Create different colour hues by adding colours other than black or white to	-Use a range of paints e.g., acrylic, oil, watercolours to create pieces.	-Use sketches from observation to help plan a painting, using studies from
	lighten or darken.	-Create a colour wheel to show relationships between primary colours,	different viewpoints.
	-Create paintings from their own sketches.	secondary colours and tertiary colours.	-Create a wide colour palette, demonstrating their mixing techniques.
			-Use a range of paints e.g., acrylic, oil, watercolours to create pieces.
Sculpture & Form	Key Vocabulary:	Key Vocabulary:	Key Vocabulary:
	Cast, mould, embellish, malleable, modroc	Sculpture, glaze, combine	Position, slip, sculpture, abstract, interpretation, carve, reflief
Disciplinary Knowledge	Substantive Knowledge:	Substantive Knowledge:	Substantive Knowledge:
Clay models joining two pieces	Work in a safe, organised way, caring for equipment used	Work in a safe organised way, caring for equipment. Secure work to	Model and develop work through a combination of pinch, slab and coil
together	Include texture that conveys feelings, expression or movement	continue at a later date	• Show life like qualities and real-life proportions or, if more abstract,
Wire sculptures	Make slip to join two pieces of clay	• Show experience in combining, pinching, slabbing and coiling to produce	provoke different interpretations
3D sculptures	• Use recycled, natural and man-made materials to create sculptures • Adapt	end pieces- clay	Use tools to carve and add shapes, textures and patterns
Clay finishes	work when necessary and explain why	• Develop understanding of different ways of finishing work- glaze, paint,	Demonstrate experience in relief and freestanding work using a range of
	Use language appropriate to skill and technique	polish	media
	Model over an armature- newspaper frame, e.g. Modroc	Use recycled, natural and manmade materials to create sculptures,	Use frameworks (such as wire or moulds) to provide stability and form
	Intended Outcomes:	confidently and successfully joining	To recognise sculpture and form in the environment
	By the end of Year 4 I need to know how to:	Intended Outcomes:	Intended Outcomes:
	-Create textured surfaces using variety of tools.	By the end of Year 5 I need to know how to:	By the end of Year 6 I need to know how to:







-Construction a structure in linear or soft media before covering the surface	-Explore how a stimuli can be used as a starting point for 3D work with a	-Fully plan, design a sculpture considering all the techniques and knowledge
to make a form e.g., Modroc or papier mache.	particular focus on form, shape, pattern, texture and/or colour.	they have acquired.
-Choose the most effective method to join their construction/sculpture.	-Explore the properties of different media to inform their design	-Combine different materials to create a 3D sculpture.
-Respond to sculptures and craft artists to help them adapt and make their	-Discuss and evaluate their own work and that of other sculptors' work	-Use their own study of a 3D work from a variety of genres/ cultures to
own work.	-Recreate 2D images into 3D form looking at one area e.g., recreate a	develop their own response through models, experimentation and design
	landscape or figure focusing on form/ surface	stages.
	-Develop cutting and joining skills e.g., using wire, slip.	-Make imaginative use of their knowledge of tools, techniques and materials
		to express their own ideas and emotions.