

# FOUNDATION STAGE

Maths

# MATHEMATICS

Maths split into two areas for the Early Learning Goal – Maths and Numerical patterns.

Both elements are covered under 'Maths' in the development matters statements up to the ELGs.

Some aspects for reception coverage have been moved into the 3-4 years section in the development matters statements.

Children will be either emerging into the Early Learning Goal or they will achieve the ELG. No exceeding statement within the new curriculum.

# DEVELOPMENT MATTERS STATEMENTS RECEPTION

- Count objects, actions and sounds.
- Subitise.
- Link the number symbol (numeral) with its cardinal number value.
- Count beyond ten.
- Compare numbers.
- Understand the 'one more than/one less than' relationship between consecutive numbers.
- Explore the composition of numbers to 10.
- Automatically recall number bonds for numbers 0–10.
- Select, rotate and manipulate shapes in order to develop spatial reasoning skills.
- Compose and decompose shapes so that children recognise a shape can have other shapes within it, just as numbers can.
- Continue, copy and create repeating patterns.
- Compare length, weight and capacity

# EARLY LEARNING GOAL - MATHS

- Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number.
- Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5.
- Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts.

# EARLY LEARNING GOAL — NUMERICAL PATTERNS

- Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system.
- Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity.
- Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally

# ONENESS OF ONE ETC

To develop a strong sense of number, children need lots of experiences of each number.

For example:

Count lots of different types of objects – big, small, spread out, pattern, random, etc

Count actions and sounds as well as things

Count in different contexts

To begin with focus on numbers to 5 but numbers in environment should be up to 10 and beyond

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/iplayer/cbeebies/episode/b08d630h/numberblocks-series-1-five>



# CARDINAL NUMBERS

The number of items in a set, the quantity but not the order of things





# ORDINAL NUMBERS

A term that describes a position within an ordered set or a group of numbers in order



# NOMINAL NUMBERS

Using the number as a label

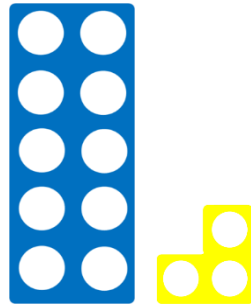
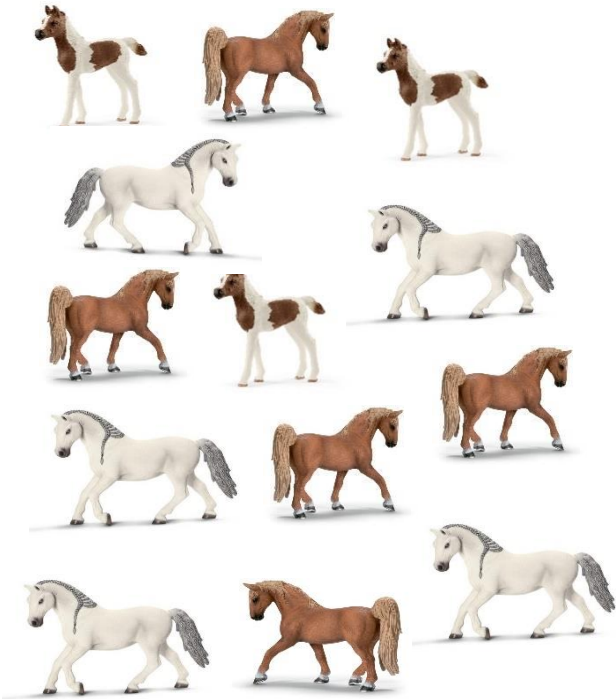


# CPA APPROACH

C – Concrete

P – Pictorial

A – Abstract



# SUBITISING

Recognising the size of a set from the pattern or structure of the set without having to count the number of objects



# HOW SUBITISING WORKS

## Perceptual subitising

Recognising a small number of items without using a pattern or any mathematics to help

## Conceptual subitising

Using the pattern or arrangement of items to recognising the number, eg dots on dice or dominoes

# PATTERN

Children who can recognise and make patterns are more likely to be successful mathematicians.





# PATTERN PRE-SKILLS

There are skills children need before they can understand pattern:

They need to be able to sort/classify

They need to be able to talk about things that are the same and things that are different



# CHILDREN'S UNDERSTANDING OF PATTERN

Can children:

Spot a pattern

Use pattern in their play

Use symmetry

Use positional language appropriately

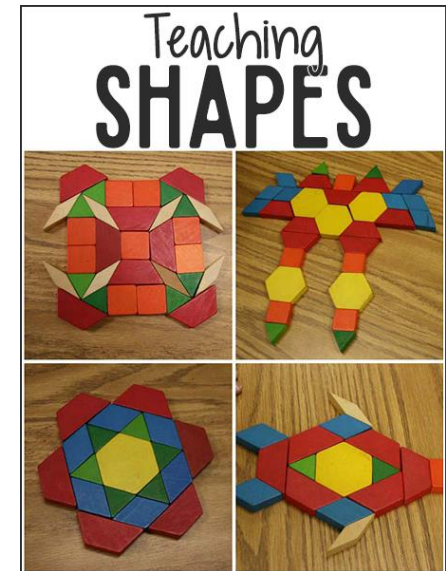
Make and describe line patterns

Copy a pattern sequence accurately

Create a pattern sequence

Describe a pattern sequence

Make a growing pattern





# SSM IN CONTINUOUS PROVISION



# NUMBOTS

GAME MODES

GAME DATA



# SUPPORTING AT HOME

Completing the homework activities

Use incidental learning when out shopping, sorting washing etc.

Baking with children.

Using specific language ie – longer, shorter, taller, heavy, light.

Use the number lines and hundred squares we send home.

Noticing patterns and rote counting in 1's, 2's, 10's.